

Special Instructions:

- The use of a basic *non-scientific* calculator is acceptable.
- All questions are not of equal length and difficulty; also, they are in no particular order. Do not check your answers until you have completed the entire test.
- Time allowed: 1 Hour maximum.
- 1. $6 \div 4 \times 3 + 8 \div 2 4 \times 2 = ?$
- $2. \quad \frac{1000}{1+0.12\times60/365} = ?$
- 3. a. $1000 (1 + 6\%)^3 = ?$
 - b. Solve for r: $(1 + r)^2 = 1.1025$
- 4. Simplify a 2(a + b) + a(3 b) + b(a 6)
- 5. A student hoped to obtain at least 65% on each of four tests. He obtained 65%, 50%, 70%, 60%. Which of these scores satisfied his hope?
- 6. Solve for y:

2(400.81 - y) = 3.3745y - 932.62

- 7. 140% of $11\ 000 = ?$
- 8. Write $8\frac{1}{2}\%$ as a decimal.
- 9. Write 0.115 as a %.

10. Write the equation in terms of t; that is, solve for t in:

S = P (1 + rt)

- 11. In Question 10, suppose that P represents Principal (in \$), S represents the sum of Principal and Interest (in \$), r represents the rate of simple interest per year and t represents the time that the principal is invested (in years). Find how many years it takes for \$200 to accumulate \$60 in interest at an interest rate of 10% per year.
- 12. Solve for the value of b in:
 - $\frac{4}{b} = \frac{5}{3}$
- 13. Solve for the values of E and T to satisfy the following system of simultaneous equations:

E - 2T = -42E + T = 7

- 14. The selling price (S) of an item is calculated by taking its cost price (C) and adding a markup (M) which is equivalent to 40% of the cost price. Write an equation which expresses S in terms of:
 - a. M and C
 - b. C only
 - c. If an item sold for \$56, what was its cost?
- 15. The daily rental charge for an automobile is \$d. This includes 100 "free" kilometers per day; however, the renter is charged \$k per kilometer for travel in excess of the 100 kilometers per day. Write a formula for the dollar cost (C) of an auto rental of n days where the renter travels x kilometers during the rental period. (Assume that the renter *always* travels more than 100 km/day on an average.)
- 16. The renter in Question 15 above is being charged \$29.00 per day for a sub-compact model and \$.20 per kilometer for distances traveled in excess of 100 kilometers per day. How much will she be charged if she rented this particular model for 7 days and actually traveled 1450 kilometers in total?

- 17. If the Canadian dollar is worth \$0.75 U.S., how much is one hundred dollars U.S. worth in Canadian dollars?
- 18. What is a person's gross pay if his net pay is \$630.00 after deducting 30% of his gross pay for taxes?
- 19. How much Mocca coffee, costing \$10.00 per kilogram, must be blended with how much Colombian coffee, costing \$19.00 per kilogram, to produce a mixture of 100 kilograms of coffee, with an overall average cost of \$15.40 per kilogram?
- 20. Plot the equation 3y = 12 6x on the graph below over a range of x values from 0 to 2.



- 21. What is the slope of the line described in Question 20?
- 22. How would the answers to Questions 20 and 21 be different if the equation y = 4 2x were used?

- 23. A rectangular field is 1,000 cm long and 750 cm wide. Find:
 - a. its perimeter in meters.
 - b. its area in square meters.

Use a table below for Questions 24 and 25. (The values are hypothetical.)

| 1 all-beef patty | +45 calories |
|------------------|--------------|
| 1 slice bread | +75 calories |

| running (1 km) | -90 calories |
|-----------------|--------------|
| swimming (1 km) | -70 calories |

- 24. Find the calories gained or lost if a person eats 2 all-beef patties between 4 slices of bread, and then runs for 3¹/₂ kilometers and swims for 1.2 kilometers.
- 25. A person eats 2 all-beef patties between 2 slices of bread, and then runs and swims an equal distance to exactly "burn off" the calories. How many kilometers did he/she run?
- 26. If an automobile is accelerating at a constant rate, its average velocity V_a is one-half the sum of its initial velocity V_i , and its final velocity V_f . Write the algebraic formula for the average velocity, given the initial velocity and the final velocity.

Answers

0.5 1. 980.66 (rounded) 2. 3. a. 1191 0.05 b. 2(a-4b) or 2a-8b4. 5. 65% and 70% 322.68 (rounded) 6. \$15 400 or \$15,400 7. 8. 0.085 9. 11.5% or 11¹/₂% $t = (S-P) / Pr \text{ or } \frac{S-P}{Pr}$ 10. 11. 3 years 12. 12/5 or 2.4 E = 2, T = 313. 14. a. S = C + Mb. S = 1.40 Cc. C = \$4015. C = nd + k(x - 100 n)16. C = \$353.0017. \$133.33 18. \$900.00 19. 40 Kg of Mocca 60 Kg of Colombian 20. See graph 21. -2 22. No difference 23. a. 35 meters 75 square meters b. -9 calories (lost 9 calories) 24. 25. 1.5 kilometers

26.
$$V_a = (V_i + V_f) / 2$$
 or $V_a = \frac{V_i + V_f}{2}$

